

UK TAX MEASURES TO HELP AND SUPPORT BUSINESS DURING COVID-19 - AN UPDATE

This Client Alert is an update of part of a document first published on 25 March 2020.

The UK has introduced a series of measures to help support people, jobs and businesses in the face of COVID-19.

This Client Alert provides an overview of some of steps taken in relation to **Taxation** and outlines how those steps are expected to work in practice.

For information on **UK Government Measures** and **Judicial and Regulatory Measures** please see our separate client updates on each of these topics.

VAT Payment Deferral

VAT payments (other than import VAT) due between 20 March 2020 and 30 June 2020 have been deferred until 31 March 2021. Deferral is automatic. HMRC will not charge interest or penalties on any amount deferred. If a business is in a position to reclaim VAT, HMRC will repay that VAT when it is due (i.e. without deferral).

Import VAT and customs duty due on 15 April 2020 and 15 May 2020 could be deferred where a business experiencing severe financial difficulty due to COVID-19 contacted HMRC to agree an extended payment period.

VAT and Customs Duty Waiver

From 31 March 2020 until 31 July 2020, VAT and import duty on supplies from outside the EU of vital medical equipment (including ventilators, coronavirus testing kits and protective clothing) have been waived. Claims for relief can be made in respect of imports by or on behalf of public bodies or authorised non-state bodies (i.e. charitable or philanthropic organisations approved by a competent authority; authorisation can be applied for where a body is not already authorised). A disaster relief agency, importing goods for free circulation to meet its needs during the COVID-19 outbreak, can also claim relief.

Extension of zero-rating for VAT purposes to electronically supplied books

In order to promote, support and maintain literacy, the extension of zero rating to electronically supplied books (including booklets, brochures pamphlets, leaflets, newspapers, journals, periodicals, children's' picture books and painting books), permitted by Directive 2018/1713 and which the Government had planned would be introduced from 1 December 2020, was brought forward to 1 May 2020.

Temporary extension of zero-rating for VAT purposes to personal protective equipment

Zero rating applies, to supplies of equipment to provide protection from infection, made, between 1 May 2020 and 31 July 2020.

Income Tax Deferral for the Self-Employed

The instalment of income tax due on 31 July 2020 has been deferred until 31 January 2021.

Treatment of expenses and benefits provided to employees

On 6 May 2020 HMRC published guidance on the income tax treatment of certain expenses and benefits, including: living accommodation, volunteer fuel mileage costs, transport costs, free or subsidised meals, company car 'availability', salary sacrifice, employer loans, working from home and reporting to HMRC.

Time to Pay Arrangement (TTPA)

A TTPA provides for the deferral of tax payment(s) through the exercise of HMRC's discretionary powers.

During the outbreak, the interest on deferred tax payments will be waived. Interest on unpaid tax continues to run at 3.25% (although the rate of interest on corporation tax instalments, irrespective of whether a TTPA applies, has been reduced to 1.25%).

A taxpayer is required to:

- satisfy HMRC that the taxpayer 'cannot pay' the tax liability on the actual due date(s); and
- offer the best payment proposals that the taxpayer can realistically afford.

However:

- if a taxpayer's ability to pay improves, the taxpayer must contact HMRC and increase payments/clear the debt; and
- interest continues to run on tax paid after the date on which the tax was originally due.

HMRC has established a dedicated helpline for 'time to pay' arrangements: +44 (0)800 0159 559.

UK Residence and COVID-related Stays in the UK

HMRC has published guidance indicating that remaining in the UK may be regarded as occurring in "exceptional circumstances" if an individual:

- is quarantined or advised by a health professional or public health guidance to self-isolate in the UK as a result of the virus;
- finds that that individual is advised by official Government advice not to travel from the UK as a result of the virus;
- is unable to leave the UK as a result of the closure of international borders; or
- is asked by his or her employer to return to the UK temporarily as a result of the virus.

However, the statutory cap of 60 days that can be disregarded still applies.

Legislation will be introduced during the passage of the Finance Bill 2019-2021 through Parliament to disregard days spent between 1 March 2020 and 1 June 2020 by a foreign key worker (e.g. an anaesthetist, or an engineer working in ventilator design and manufacture) who has skills required to combat the pandemic in the UK.

HMRC, while stating that it is "sympathetic" to questions relating to corporate residence, has taken the view that its existing guidance, under which HMRC takes a "holistic" view, is sufficient. HMRC notes that a company will "not necessarily" become UK resident because "a few board meetings are held here, or because some decisions are taken in the UK over a short period of time. This may seem to provide rather less reassurance than has been provided, for example, by the Irish Revenue in a similar context, but on 5 May 2020 HMRC updated its guidance to state that HMRC "believes" that its guidance is "consistent" with the guidance published by the OECD on 3 April 2020: *OECD Secretariat Analysis of Tax Treaties and the Impact of the COVID-19 Crisis*.

DAC 6

On 8 May 2020 the EU Commission proposed a 3 month delay to the start of reporting under DAC 6, from 1 July 2020 to 1 October 2020.

The EU Commission proposal does not involve actually postponing the implementation date for DAC 6, which would remain 1 July 2020. Consequently:

- the need to report a reportable cross-border arrangement where the event triggering a report occurred between 25 June 2018 and 30 June 2020 would be deferred to 30 November 2020; and
- where an event giving rise to an obligation to report occurs on or after 1 July 2020, the 30 day period for reporting a cross-border arrangement begins on 1 October 2020.

A three month delay is also proposed for the date by which Member States are required by Directive 2011/16/EU to exchange certain tax information.

Assuming that the EU Commission's proposals are accepted, HMRC is expected to announce that implementation of DAC 6 in the United Kingdom will be delayed accordingly.

HMRC Administrative Measures

HMRC has ceased stamping original documents and digital copies must be submitted instead and has permitted printed signature on IHT 100/400 forms where a professional is acting; HMRC has also required that stamp duty, stamp duty reserve tax and inheritance tax must be paid electronically (rather than by cheque).

The date by which an employer that has an agreement to operate Class 1 national insurance contributions in respect of employees from abroad that work in the UK or employees working abroad must submit certain information to HMRC has been extended by two months to 31 May 2020.

HMRC has stopped accepting requests for non-statutory clearance by post; requests must be sent by email. HMRC has also requested that new legal proceedings are served on it electronically (newproceedings@hmrc.gov.uk) rather than by post.

On 14 May 2020 HMRC stated that it would extend the period within which an option to tax in relation to land should be notified to it for VAT purposes from the usual 30 days to 90 days where the decision to opt to tax was made between 15 February and 31 May 2020.

On 15 May 2020 HMRC announced that, until further notice, HMRC will accept a form IHT100 that is not physically signed from an unrepresented trustee or from a professional agent.

Where a taxpayer disagrees with a review decision reached by HMRC, HMRC will not object if the taxpayer wishes to ask the First-tier Tribunal to hear the taxpayer's appeal after the expiry of the usual 30 day period, where both HMRC's review decision is dated February 2020 or later and the taxpayer asks the tribunal to hear the appeal within three months of the normal deadline.

HMRC Enforcement Action and Compliance Checks

HMRC has "paused" insolvency activity and will not petition for bankruptcy or winding-up orders (other than in cases of fraud or criminal activity), although HMRC is continuing to consider new CVAs, administrations and IVAs.

HMRC has indicated that where the terms of a voluntary arrangement allow a supervisor discretion, that discretion should be exercised "to the maximum" and that (without there being a need to contact HMRC) HMRC will support a minimum 3-month break from contributions.

HMRC is understood to be writing to taxpayers, who are undergoing compliance checks, suspending those compliance checks.

On 21 April 2020 HMRC updated its Internal Compliance and Operations Guidance Manual, in the context of the making of determinations under regulation 80 of the Income Tax (PAYE) Regulations 2003 (2003/2682), to make it clear that employer compliance activity had been "paused" until 30 April 2020. On 22 April 2020, HMRC made a similar change to its internal guidance in relation to business specific compliance checks (the substance of which is withheld in accordance with the Freedom of Information Act 2000)..

HMRC has informed the Chartered Institute of Taxation that HMRC will not extend the 30-day deadline for taxpayers written to by HMRC in February 2020 to report offshore assets, income and gains. However, HMRC will take a reasonable and proportionate approach where a taxpayer requests more time. HMRC is not writing further such letters to other taxpayers during April 2020.

HMRC has stated that it will consider COVID-19 a "reasonable excuse" for missing some tax deadlines (e.g. payment or filing dates); the relevant obligation must be fulfilled as soon as possible and an explanation must be provided of how the taxpayer has been affected by COVID-19.

Where a business has been affected by Covid-19, HMRC will allow a further three months for an appeal against any penalty dated February 2020 (or later); an appeal should be submitted as soon as possible and accompanied by an explanation that the delay is due to COVID-19.

HMRC and HM Treasury Consultations

On 28 April 2020 HMRC and HM Treasury announced that, having regard to the pressures on business due to COVID-19, the time limit for responses to a range of open consultations would be extended to various dates falling between 15 August 2020 and 3 September 2020. In particular:

- Consultation on the taxation impacts arising from the withdrawal of LIBOR – closes on 28 August 2020.
- Consultation on the Hybrid and other mismatches – closes on 29 August 2020.
- Consultation on the tax treatment of asset holding companies in alternative fund structures – closes on 19 August 2020.

Other Measures

We will endeavour to keep you informed of any new measures that are adopted in the coming days and weeks.

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